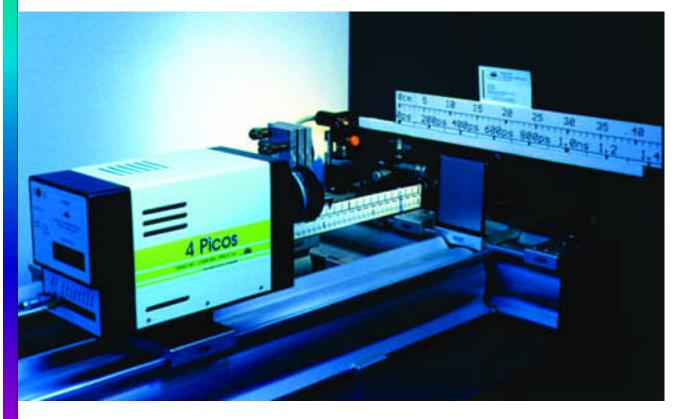
4 **Picos/...**

The most compact intelligent ICCD picos-fast camera system (analog or digital output)

Standard Features

- Nano-fast shutter down to 0.2ns
- Gating times from 0.2ns- DC (longer times optional)
- 18 or 25 mm Image intensifier
- Spectral Sensitivity of photocathode from UV NIR (110 1300nm)
- Multiple Exposures
- Single Photon detection
- Analog (EIA/CCIR, VGA) or digital output (10 or 14 Bit with Standard or High Resolution)
- Customized f/0.8 distortion free lens coupling between image intensifier and CCD
- High Dynamic Range: 14 Bit (21 Bit with 4 Spec E spectroscopy software)
- Effortless Image/Data storage and retrieval
- Single Trigger Discriminator integrated
- Internal or external trigger
- Free Terminal software and printed manual



Specifications

Unique Features	4 Picos	4 Quik E			
Shortest gating time	200ps	1.5 ns			
Intensifier output coupling	customized distortion free f/0).8 relay lens			
Optical input	c-mount (standard), Nikon F-mount (optional)				
Optical input window	fused silica				
Sensitivity corresponding to conventional film	$1 \times 10^{12} \text{fc} = 50 \times 5^7 \text{ASA}$				
Multiple exposures, "dead" time between exposures	any sequence 0.3 μ m				
Gate repetition rate	3.3MHz burst, 200kHz continuous				
TTL pulse (incorporated)	standard				
Remote control	RS 232 (digital set up)				
CE certified	yes				

Adaptation to in situ light level variations by internal digital programmable brightness control of the electronic shutter action, with exact reproducible digital setting of delay and exposure times.

Very high system integration permits small physical size of the total unit (all in one) — even very difficult surveillance jobs are mastered easily by remote control.

Programmable control parameter entry via RS 232 (digital set up), remote control software included.

Distortion free imaging due to advanced proximity focused MCP (Micro Channel Plate) image intensifier and use of highest quality CCD array for best sensitivity and resolution.

14 Bit High Dynamic Range (theoretical limit 16 bit), with 4 Spec E Spectroscopy PC Software up to 21 Bit/ Spectrum with all lines integrated.

Automatic Exposure Control and Automatic Gain, for unattended operation under greatly varying light conditions (optional). Effortless Image/Data storage and retrieve via system interface RS 170 to an external VCR (standard), frame grabber or optical disk (optional).

Switches and Connections

No.	ltem	Function
А	Switch	Power Switch ON/OFF
В	Socket	Power Supply Socket (12V)
1	Video	Camera output signal (RS170 or CCIR)
2	Busy	Synchronization Signal (TTL), e.g. Frame Grabber
3	V_{Init}	Asynchronous reset of CCD camera
4	F _{Sync}	TTL output for synchronization purposes
5	-Trig	Trigger input, negative edge TTL
6	+Trig	Trigger input, positive edge TTL
7	IntGtP	Output of internal time delay gate pulse generator
8	ExtGtP	Input for control of HV MCP pulse (TTL)



Rear view of 4 Picos with legend

For control by internal time/delay generator, 7 and 8 are shorted internally. Camera will free run when 4 to 5, and 7 to 8 are internally connected. These settings are both under RS 232 control. Camera may be externally driven through 8 by external pulse delay generator when 7 and 8 are disconnected. Pulse monitoring is provided by 7 and camera master sync output is available at 4.

Image Intensifier

Image Intensifier specifications	
Image intensifier type (proximity focused MCP)	single stage (standard), dual stage (optional)
Phosphor material	P43, P46
Image intensifier diameter (mm)	18mm, 25mm
Image area of the relay lens	25mm MCP: 20 x 15mm, 18mm MCP: 14.4 x 10.8mm
Wavelength range, subject to window design	180 – 1300nm quartz window (standard) 110 – 850nm MgF2-window (S20UV optional)
Spectral Sensitivity of MCP (nm)	1101300nm, depends on the type of the photocathode
Quantum Efficiency (Q.E.) (see curves below)	depends on the type of the MCP, up to 35%
Gain (4k steps) ($V_{MCP} =1000V$) control via RS 232 digital setup	single stage MCP: 4 x 10 ⁴ dual stage MCP: 4 x 10 ⁶
Signal to noise (db @ μ Lx)	46dB min @ 0.5µLx
Coupling phosphor (MCP \rightarrow CCD)	customized 6 element f/0.8 relay lens No distortion! No vignetting! No pin cushion!

Spectral Sensitivity of Photocathodes (Wavelength in nm)								
Standard 25 mm			Optional 25 mm					
S20	С	approx. 165 - 820nm	S20 UV(MgF2)	А	approx. 110 - 820nm			
S25	F	approx. 200 - 840nm	Solar Blind (CsTe)	G	approx. 180 - 340nm			
Stand	Standard 18 mm		Bialkali		approx. 165 - 600nm			
S20UV	В	approx. 165 - 820nm	Enhanced S20	D	approx. 165 - 820nm			
S25 IR (Super S25)	Η	approx. 350 - 920nm	Enhanced S25 (glass)	Ι	approx. 270 - 900nm			
Optio	nal 1	8 mm	Wideband S25 WB	Κ	approx. 200 - 900nm			
Broadband	J	approx. 190 - 920nm	S1	Е	approx. 700 - 1300nm			

Deviations of up to $\pm 25\%$ from the above typical spectral sensitivity curves are possible. The position of the curves can vary ± 20 nm. The input window material limits the spectral response of the photocathode in the shorter wavelengths. The window materials and their transmission limits are: quartz (165nm), MgF2 (110nm).

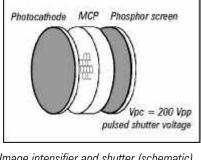
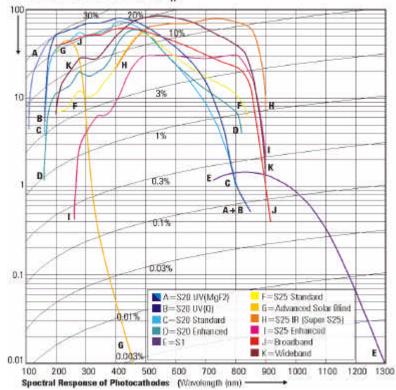


Image intensifier and shutter (schematic)

Radiant Sensitivity (Quentum Efficiency Q.E.) W



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CCD-Video Unit

CCD Video Chip	Analog O		Progressive	Standard	High		
	USA, Japan	Elsewhere	Scan CCD	Resolution CCD	Resolution CCD		
Analog or digital output	analog	analog	analog, VGA	digital	digital		
	EIA (RS 170)	CCIR	30/60Hz or 60/120Hz	10 or 14 Bit	10 or 14 bit		
Resolution (pixel)	768 x 494	752 x 582	640 x 480	782 x 582	1368 x 1020		
CCD Pixel size (µm)	8.4 x 9.8	8.6 x 8.3	9.8 x 9.8	8.6 x 8.6	4.8 x 4.8		
Imaging frequency (analog) Frame rate (digital)	30/60Hz	25/50Hz	30/60 (30/60Hz) 60/120/200/240/350	10bit: 32/62/108fps	10bit: 10/20/35fps		
			(60/120Hz)	14bit: 16/31/54fps	14bit: 5/10/18fps		
Dynamic Range A/D (Bit)	14 Bit, up to 21 Bit (with 4 Spec E spe	ectroscopy software)				
Video Gain	025dB, automatic RS 232 interface	or manually adjus	stable through computer	10bit: 010dB, RS 232 14bit: 025dB, RS 232			
Binning vertical (pixel)		Software		1,2 pixel, ROI			
Binning horizontal (pixel)		Software		1,2 pixel, ROI			
Image Sensor	ICXAL						
Chip Readout	Correlated double sa	mpling, dark curr	ent corrected				
Output	$1V_{PP}$ (75 Ω), composition	site video, EIA, CO	CIR or VGA				
Scan Mode		0 1	uter RS 232 interface. be Genlocked or supply Fs	sync-pulse to operate as	master clock.		
Gamma	1 or .45, selectable	through computer	r RS 232 interface				
Internal Synchronization	Free run mode						
External Synchronization	by negative edge TT	L pulse (Vinit)					
Signal to noise	46dB min @ 0.5µLx	2					
Cooling of CCD (optional)	• •	des single photor	to 14°C to minimize dark n sensitivity. No condensa	•	•		

4 Picos				
Aultiple Mode				- Set Mode
Unit Sequence	50,200,50,200,1	us] 💌)0		Single
arning : Time	e exceeds 100 us	Accept ?		
MCP Gain	Voltage 720			
Scan Mode - • Frame	Video Ac	12	me Grabber one	Send It
~ Field	CCCD In	ι. ΟΟ	n Board	-
SyncOutput	Triq. Source	- Trigger Mode -	Gate Ctrl	Connect
Vertical Odd	© Fsync	C Direct Trigge		Initialize
ouu	× - i ng	i sano p	S Exilia	Port:
3amma — 7 0.45	Video Gain — C Auto	Start C Cc	t Option	СОМ1 🗾
• 1	© Fixed 1	dB CW	arm © Auto	Exit

4 Picos control window

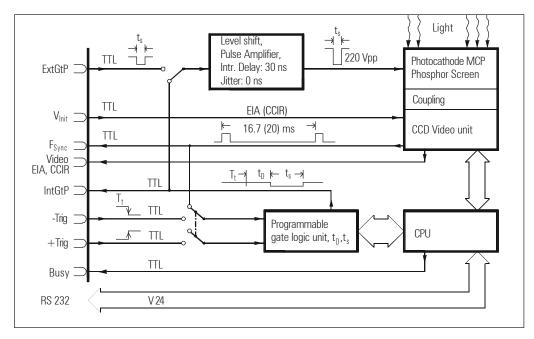
Shutter control

The advanced, digitally controlled shutter delay feature is the perfect match for your laser, range gating, flow analysis, or many other high speed applications. It is operational in 'scattered light' environments, underwater or for highest speed multi-instrument sequential image acquisition. Multiple direct images with a repetition/ delay time setting as short as 0.3μ s can be synchronized with ease to any external TTL source.

Internal exposure control	4 Picos	4 Quik E
Time (t _s) and delay (t _p) of the gate pulse, or multiple exposure with CPU internally digital programmable	min. steps 10ps	$\begin{array}{l} t_{s}=1.5ns\\ 80s,\\ min.\ steps\ 100ps\\ t_{p}=0\\ 80s,\ min.\ increments\ 100ps \end{array}$
Trigger propagation delay	<65ns, less than 20ps jitter	
Initializing	-Trig, +Trig, or FSync	
Multiple Exposure	Any sequence, 0.3 μ s "dead time" bet	tween exposures

External exposure control	4 Picos	4 Quik E
Control of the camera internal Pulse E amplifier via ExtGtP (TTL Pulse) input: Shutter continuous from:	$t_{S} = 200 ps \infty, t_{D}, \infty$ t, t _D determined by external device	$t_{s} = 1.5 ns \infty$, t_{D} , ∞ t, t_{D} determined by external device
Trigger propagation delay	<45ns, no jitter	

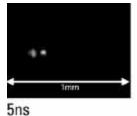
Automatic exposure control (optional)	4 Picos	4 Quik E
Pixel by pixel exposure analysis providing automatic light level control by instantaneous adjustment of camera shutter speed and intensifier gain for very wide range of lighting conditions (up to 12 orders of magnitude).	200ps 15 (18) ms, Shutter time and MCP gain automatic in response to scene illumination.	1.5ns 15 (18) ms ally adjusted,

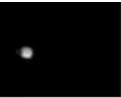


Analog shutter control (schematic)

Mechanical & Environmental Data

Mechanical & Environmental Data, Power Requireme	nts
Camera dimensions, without lens (mm, inch)	248 x 110 x 135mm (l x w x h) $9^{3}/_{4} x 4^{3}/_{8} x 5^{4}/_{16}$ " (l x w x h)
Camera weight (all in one) (kg / lb)	3kg / 6.6lb
Camera mount (at the bottom plate of the camera)	1/4" x 20 and M8 mounting hole
Operating Humidity (%)	2595%, non condensing
Operating temperature (°C / °F)	0°C – 50°C / 32°F – 122°F
Performance specification	10°C – 40°C / 50°F – 104°F
Operating limits	-10°C – 50°C / 14°F – 122°F
Shock and Vibration	60 g accel. shock, 7g Vibration (11 – 200Hz)
Voltage	12 V +5%/-2%





8ns

6ns

9ns



10ns

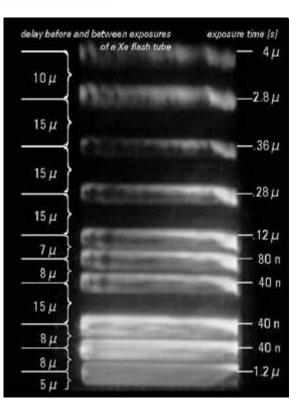


Analysis of plasma development with 4 Picos camera: single beam set up. Plasma images of water droplets Shutter time: 200ps Laser Pulse: 50mJ, 8ns © 2003 with courtesy of Ch. Janzen, Fraunhofer Institut Aachen, Germany.



Multiple exposures (Mouse trap)

Multiple 16 bit exposures of Xe flash tube, single discharge, 10 exps during 120µs, continuously swept by scanning mirror.



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4 Picos/... intelligent ICCD Camera Family

analog or digital output

*25mm Standard: S20 or S25 **18mm Standard: S20 or Super S25 Optional: Bialkali/Fused Silica, Advanced Solar Blind (RbTe, CsTe) Enhanced S25, Enhanced Blue-UV S20, Wideband S25 WB Two photocathode window materials may be ordered depending upon the required response.	4 Picos/0.2-25*	4 Picos/0.2-25*/dig	4 Picos/0.2-18**	4 Picos/0.2-18**/dig			
Standard							
Gating Speeds from 200ps $ ightarrow\infty$							
Image Intensifier with 25mm MCP							
Image Intensifier with 18mm MCP							
Integrated, gateable system							
Image Intensifier with Single stage MCP							
Image Intensifier with V-stack dual stage MCP							
Lens Coupling							
High Efficiency customized f/0.8 relay lens							
Multiple Exposures							
Shutter dead time $0.3 \mu s$							
Integrated Single Trigger Discriminator (STD)							
Analog CCD video output EIA, 768 x 494 pixel or CCIR, 752 x 582 pixel	•		-				
Progressive Scan CCD, VGA, 640 x 480 pixel							
Standard Resolution CCD, 10bit, 752 x 582 pixel							
Standard Resolution CCD, 14bit, 752 x 582 pixel							
High resolution CCD, 10bit, 1368 x 1020 pixel							
High resolution CCD, 14bit, 1368 x 1020 pixel							
Terminal Software and printed manual							
Comfortable case for shipment & storage for free							
Additional Options							
Peltier Cooling							
Special Spectrograph Adapters							
Automatic Exposure Control							
Internal Frame Grabber (analog or digital)							
Image Intensifier with Special Photocathodes							
Nikon F-mount Adapter							

standard Doptional

Applications

Physical Sciences

Plasma temperature and density analysis Plasma flow analysis Combustion analysis Synchrotron radiation Laser induced fluorescence

Engineering Research

Particle Tracking Velocimetry (PTV) Particle Imaging Velocimetry (PIV) Automative Fuel Injection Spray analysis Wind tunnel studies Stress analysis of ceramics materials

Biological Sciences

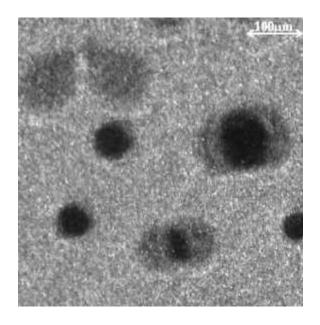
Cancer research Fundus imaging spectroscopy X-ray detection Luminescence Time resolved fluorescence

High Speed Imaging

Dynamic Schlieren Phenomena Shock tubes Range gating

Low Light Imaging

Thomson Scattering Raman Spectroscopy Glow Discharge Spectroscopy Semiconductor failure analysis



Double shadow view of 30-100µm particles in a 500m/s plasma spray, 5ns exp. time. © with courtesy of T. Streibl, HSBW, Neubiberg, Germany



Nitrogen-laser-based system for oral cancer diagonis developed at Center for Advanced Technology, Indore, India © with courtesy of CAT, Indore, India

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